Food and Drug Administration, HHS

§ 870.4310 Cardiopulmonary bypass coronary pressure gauge.

- (a) *Identification*. A cardiopulmonary bypass coronary pressure gauge is a device used in cardiopulmonary bypass surgery to measure the pressure of the blood perfusing the coronary arteries.
- (b) Classification. Class II (performance standards).

§870.4320 Cardiopulmonary bypass pulsatile flow generator.

- (a) Identification. A cardiopulmonary bypass pulsatile flow generator is an electrically and pneumatically operated device used to create pulsatile blood flow. The device is placed in a cardiopulmonary bypass circuit downstream from the oxygenator.
- (b) Classification. Class III (premarket approval).
- (c) Date PMA or notice of completion of a PDP is required. No effective date has been established of the requirement for premarket approval. See §870.3.

 $[45~\mathrm{FR}~7907\text{--}7971,~\mathrm{Feb}.~5,~1980,~\mathrm{as}$ amended at $52~\mathrm{FR}~17737,~\mathrm{May}~11,~1987]$

§ 870.4330 Cardiopulmonary bypass on-line blood gas monitor.

- (a) *Identification*. A cardiopulmonary bypass on-line blood gas monitor is a device used in conjunction with a blood gas sensor to measure the level of gases in the blood.
- (b) Classification. Class II (performance standards).

§ 870.4340 Cardiopulmonary bypass level sensing monitor and/or control.

- (a) *Identification*. A cardiopulmonary bypass level sensing monitor and/or control is a device used to monitor and/or control the level of blood in the blood reservoir and to sound an alarm when the level falls below a predetermined value.
- (b) Classification. Class II (performance standards).

§ 870.4350 Cardiopulmonary bypass oxygenator.

(a) *Identification*. A cardiopulmonary bypass oxygenator is a device used to exchange gases between blood and a gaseous environment to satisfy the gas exchange needs of a patient during open-heart surgery.

- (b) Classification. Class III (premarket approval).
- (c) Date PMA or notice of completion of a PDP is required. No effective date has been established of the requirement for premarket approval. See §870.3.

[45 FR 7907-7971, Feb. 5, 1980, as amended at 52 FR 17737, May 11, 1987]

§ 870.4360 Nonroller-type cardiopulmonary bypass blood pump.

- (a) *Identification*. A nonroller-type cardiopulmonary bypass blood pump is a device that uses a method other than revolving rollers to pump the blood through the cardiopulmonary bypass circuit during bypass surgery.
- (b) Classification. Class III (premarket approval).
- (c) Date PMA or notice of completion of a PDP is required. No effective date has been established of the requirement for premarket approval. See §870.3.

 $[45~\mathrm{FR}~7907\text{--}7971,~\mathrm{Feb}.~5,~1980,~\mathrm{as}~\mathrm{amended}~\mathrm{at}~52~\mathrm{FR}~17737,~\mathrm{May}~11,~1987]$

§ 870.4370 Roller-type cardiopulmonary bypass blood pump.

- (a) *Identification*. A roller-type cardiopulmonary bypass blood pump is a device that uses a revolving roller mechanism to pump the blood through the cardiopulmonary bypass circuit during bypass surgery.
- (b) Classification. Class II (performance standards).

§ 870.4380 Cardiopulmonary bypass pump speed control.

- (a) *Identification*. A cardiopulmonary bypass pump speed control is a device used that incorporates an electrical system or a mechanical system, or both, and is used to control the speed of blood pumps used in cardiopulmonary bypass surgery.
- (b) Classification. Class II (performance standards).

§ 870.4390 Cardiopulmonary bypass pump tubing.

(a) *Identification*. A cardiopulmonary bypass pump tubing is polymeric tubing which is used in the blood pump head and which is cyclically compressed by the pump to cause the blood